branded as aforesaid. The defendants had been warned also by 4 seizures and also by a notice of hearing. Despite such warnings, the defendants continued to introduce and deliver for introduction into interstate commerce articles which were adulterated and misbranded as described above.

The complaint alleged also that certain drugs were adulterated and misbranded under the provisions of the law applicable to drugs, as reported in notices of judgment on drugs and devices.

DISPOSITION: On 4-29-54, the court entered a temporary restraining order, under which the defendants were temporarily restrained from commission of the acts complained of. Thereafter, with the consent of the parties, the temporary restraining order was continued in effect pending the final determination of the matter.

On 12-12-55, a consent decree of permanent injunction was entered against Bonded Laboratories, Inc., its agents, servants, employees, and representatives, and all and any persons in active concert or participation with them; and against the president of Bonded Laboratories, Inc., whether in connection with such corporation, or independently; enjoining them against introducing or delivering for introduction into interstate commerce any foods and drugs which are adulterated and misbranded as charged in the complaint, and which are manufactured, prepared, and packed by Bonded Laboratories, Inc., without the utilization of good controls necessary to the end that an article of proper composition is purchased and shipped.

23245. Vitamin preparations. (F. D. C. No. 38882. S. Nos. 32-152/3 M, 32-212/3 M.)

QUANTITY: 410 24-oz. btls. of Hadacol; 12 cases, 120 packages each, of Thyavals Vitamin-Mineral Combination; 50 32-oz btls. of liquid Rybutol; and 703 100-gelucap btls. of Rybutol, at Philadelphia, Pa.

SHIPPED: Sometime during the 4 years preceding the filing of the libel, from Lafayette, La., Los Angeles, Calif., Chicago, Ill., and Newark, N. J.

Results of Investigation: Analyses showed that the articles contained less than the declared amounts of vitamin $\mathbf{B_1}$.

Libeled: 12-28-56, E. Dist. Pa.

CHARGE: 402 (b) (1)—a valuable constituent, vitamin B_1 , had been in part omitted or abstracted from the articles while held for sale; and 403 (a)—the label statements (Hadacol) "The Recommended Adult Daily Intake of 4 Tablespoonfuls (2 Fl. Ozs.) Contain * * * B_1 (Thiamin Hydrochloride)—6 mg."; (Thyavals Vitamin-Mineral Combination) "One Red Thyaval Tablet Formula 621 provides: * * * Vitamin B_1 (thiamin HCl) 10 Mg."; (liquid Rybutol) "Each two tablespoonfuls (approx. 28.5 cc) contains: Thiamin Hydrochloride (B_1)——15 mg."; and (Rybutol Gelucaps) "Each Rybutol Gelucap Contains: Vitamin B_1 (Thiamin Chloride) 15 mg." were false and misleading.

Disposition: 1-30-56. Default—destruction.

23246. Vitamin preparation. (F. D. C. No. 39015. S. No. 45-895 M.)

QUANTITY: 9 cases, 24 8-oz. btls. each, at Camden, N. J.

SHIPPED: During 1954, from Philadelphia, Pa.

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION: Analysis showed that the article contained less than 67 percent of the declared amount of vitamin B₁.